# Johns Hopkins University Sponsored Dashboard Documentation 10/4/2017 



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## Sponsored Dashboards

The Sponsored Dashboard was designed as a tool for Divisional Business Offices, Administrators, and other staff in financial roles, to ensure JHU maintains compliance as an organization. It is a metrics-based tool offered so that any area of JHU can compare statistics across multiple departments or divisions in the following areas: FSRs, Deficit Balances, Cost Transfers, Open Receivables and Effort Reporting.

To access the Sponsored Dashboards, go to the University Finance Office's website, and choose Dashboards from Launch Applications, or go directly to the website at:

## https://metrics.finance.jhu.edu/frac/index.jsp



Use your JHED ID and password to $\log$ in and from the screen below, choose Sponsored Compliance Dashboards:


Overview


The Overview screen, above, provides a high-level snapshot of key metrics for the entire university, one division, one department, or one sub-department within some larger departments. The four largest divisions, Engineering, Arts \& Sciences, Public Health and Medicine, provide department level metrics.

For example, if Business Area is Public Health, the user can choose one of the many departments within Public Health. In November 2015, Public Health had 16 outstanding FSRs. (below)


Within Public Health if Department 16025- Epidemiology is selected, the results show that Epidemiology made up 1 of the total 16 Outstanding FSR's for the school (below).


Overview metrics are as follows:
Financial Status Reports - includes total outstanding FSRs, percent of FSRs completed on time during the previous month and percent completed on time during the past year.

Deficit/Cash Balances and Unbilled Revenue - includes current deficit and cash balances, rolling twelve month average deficit and cash balances, unbilled revenue and stale revenue.

Deficit Balance is calculated as ITD Expense - ITD Revenue.
Cash Balance reflects ITD Expense minus Cash Collected, and is calculated as: ITD Expense - (ITD Revenue - Unbilled Revenue - Open Invoices).

As currently configured, a negative cash balance reflects a cash deficit, and represents an outstanding dollar amount owed to Hopkins. A positive cash balance value reflects a cash surplus.

Unbilled Revenue - This figure represents the amount that still needs to be invoiced on a grant. The calculation will make ITD Revenue equal to the lesser of ITD Expense or the absolute value of the Budget Revenue. This figure is only calculated during month end procedures and does not apply to Fixed Fees or Clinical Trails.

Stale Unbilled - This figure represents the portion of an award's unbilled revenue that should have been billed. This calculation is dependent upon each award's billing schedule.

Effort Reporting - for the three most recent Effort Reporting periods, reports the percent of completed forms, and total federal dollars on outstanding forms.

Non-Payroll Cost Transfers - summary of all non-payroll cost transfers during the current fiscal year where there was movement of expenses to or from sponsored accounts. Metrics reflect the percent of transfers exceeding the 90 -day transfer policy, the average number of
days between original transaction and cost transfer, and dollar totals transferred onto sponsored accounts (debits) and off sponsored accounts (credits).

Payroll Cost Transfers - summary of all payroll cost transfers during the current fiscal year where there was movement of expenses to or from sponsored accounts. Metrics reflect the percent of transfers exceeding the 90-day transfer policy, the average number of days between original transaction and cost transfer, and dollar totals transferred onto sponsored accounts (debits) and off sponsored accounts (credits).

Note: Non-Payroll Cost Transfers include expense and equipment transfers, reason codes 1 through 7, and Non-Recurring Cost Allocations reason codes 18 and 19. Also, for both payroll and non-payroll cost transfer totals, each line debiting or crediting a sponsored program counts as a transfer-all non-sponsored transfers are excluded. And, most importantly for payroll cost transfers, not only are the number of lines debiting or crediting a sponsored program counted, but also the number of semi-monthly pay periods the payroll cost transfer covers. For more information, see the Cost Transfer section below.

Open Receivables - summary of sponsored open receivables as of close showing the distribution of balances by age.

GRIR - count and balance summary of GR/IR imbalances on sponsored accounts. See the GRIR application link on the dashboard home page to view details on all GR/IR imbalances.

Selecting any of the tabs at the top of the overview screen, will provide more comprehensive information about that area and will provide drilldown capability for the user. The remainder of this document explores each of these metrics.

The history toggle, at the top of the overview screen, allows access to historical months.


The option of selecting prior months is available. By default, the "Current" option is selected. This option provides information as of the most recently loaded month for each metric. For example, if FSRs are loaded for September 2015 and Deficit Balances are loaded as of August 2015, selecting "Current" will display the September FSRs and the August deficit balances. In the same manner, if September is selected from the drop-down, FSRs as of September 2015 will display on the scorecard, but the deficit balance column will be empty since September deficit totals have not been loaded.

## FSRs

FSRs are updated monthly, approximately the first day of each month. Displays total outstanding FSRs by division or department.


Users may drill down on this bar chart for a list of outstanding FSRs by department, grant and due date. Below is an example the detail for Arts and Sciences, division 115.

| Sort By: Department, Grant * |  | Excel |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Outstanding FSRs |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| As of November 2015 (1605) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Printed Dec 04, 2015 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Unit |  | Grant |  |  | Due Date |  |
| No. | Name | No. | Name | PI | Month | Year |
| 115 | Arts and Sciences | 109132 | Invention and Development of Instrumentation and Methods to Generate and Detect | Armitage, Norman | 11 | 2015 |
| 115 | Arts and Sciences | 112205 | IN the Braid: Riparian Life and Climate Change | Khan, Naveeda | 9 | 2015 |
| 115 | Arts and Sciences | 115376 | Conversion: Not Compromise: the Changing Politics of Crime | Teles, Steven | 9 | 2015 |

Detail reports can be sorted five different ways, per the example below.

| Sort By: | Department, Grant |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Department, Due Date |  |
| Outstan | Department, Grant |  |
| As of Novi | Grant, Due Date |  |
| Printed Dt | PI, Due Date |  |
|  | Due Date |  |

Past Due Ongoing Total as of end of month (Most recent month shows outstanding as of last data update)


The above graph displays number of past due FSRs at month-end for each of the past 12 months. This graph allows users to review patterns over time.


For each of the past 12 months, this chart shows the percentage of FSRs due that were completed on or before the due date. In the above example, we use data from Arts and Sciences.


For the outstanding FSRs reported in the first two charts, this bar chart, above, shows the months in which all the reports were due. Note: FSRs that are more than 12 months overdue will not be included on this graph. In these situations, the total in this graph will be less than the number listed as outstanding in Total Past Due.

Below is an example for Public Health.


## Deficit Balance

Updated monthly following sponsored close, the Deficit Balance dashboard displays deficit and cash balances for each of the past 12 fiscal periods, deficit balances by sub-unit and inception to date expense vs. cash collected.

Note that the University's accounting system has a control in place to suspend the recognition of revenue in excess of authorized levels. Expenditures above this level create a deficit balance. The primary causes of these deficit balances are unprocessed contract modifications for additional funding, costs under USAID awards that have not been charged to the current letter-of-credit accounts, and actual overspent positions.


The Deficit Balance is calculated as ITD Expense - ITD Revenue (assuming sign is flipped to present revenue as a positive number.)

Example (with revenue signs flipped for demonstration purposes):
ITD Revenue $\quad \$ 51,095$
Unbilled Revenue \$ 2,877
Open Balances $\$ 16,353$
ITD Expense $\$ 68,452$
Deficit Balance: $\quad \$ 68,452$ - $\$ 51,095=\$ 17,537$


Cash Balances reflect Cash Collected - ITD Expense, and is calculated as follows: (assuming sign is flipped to present revenue as a positive number.)

Example (with revenue signs flipped for demonstration purposes):
Cash Collected = ITD Revenue - Unbilled Revenue - Open Invoices
Cash Collected $=\$ 51,095-\$ 2,877 \quad-\$ 16,353 \quad=\$ 31,865$
Cash Balance $=$ Cash Collected - ITD Expense
Cash Balance $=\$ 31,865-\$ 68,452=-\$ 36,587$
Cash Balance $=\mathbf{- \$ 3 6 , 5 8 7}$

In this case, a negative cash balance reflects a cash deficit, and represents an outstanding dollar amount owed to JHU. A positive cash balance value reflects a cash surplus.

If one of the four largest divisions, such as Engineering, is selected, results can then be viewed by Department (in the case below, CAMSC). The following line graphs appear and show general trends over the past 12 months. The deficit balance has been increasing slightly after the spike in November 2011. The cash balance was slightly higher in September than August, but has decreased from October 2011.


To see the actual dollar amounts, go back to the Overview screen and select Engineering, then 120785 - CAMCS for department, the deficit balance is $\$ 7,439$ and the cash balance is $-\$ 398,803$ as of September 2012 close (below). Note that Appendix 1 demonstrates how to tie these numbers to BW reports.


Both the deficit balance and the cash balance line charts contain drill to detail functionality once a business area or available subunit has been selected. Clicking on a data point will open a detail report. The example below shows a partial deficit balance detail report for Public Health, September 2016.


The pie chart at the bottom of the Deficit Balance dashboard shows deficit balances by subunit. The default view breaks out deficit balance totals by division. When a division is selected, the pie chart will update to show departments where available. The example below shows deficit and cash balance data updated through October 2016.


Looking back at the Overview screen, 170 - Medicine's October 2016 deficit balance ties to the pie chart slice for Medicine.

| 170 - Medicine | Select a Dept |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Financial Status Reports |  |  |
| Total Outtanding |  |  |
| Completed on Time Last Month |  | 91.8 \% |
| Completed on Time Past 12 Months |  | 84.5 \% |
| FSR Data Updated through November 2016 Calendar Month-End |  |  |
| Balances |  |  |
| Category | As of Month End | Running 12 Month Avg. |
| Deficit Balance | 13,711,269 |  |
| Cash Balance | 80,511,093 |  |
| Unbilled | 17,512,284 |  |
| Stale Unbilled | 4,027,257 |  |
| Balances Data as of October 2016 close |  |  |

Selecting 170 - Medicine from the Business Area drop down box updates both pie charts to show the distribution of deficit balances by department. Once a business area has been selected, the pie charts are enabled with drill to detail capability.


Clicking on the orange slice on the Deficit Balance chart will open the deficit detail records for Neurology (17049).

| Exoel PDF |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Deficit Balance Detail Printed Nov 02, 2016 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fillers |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Unit: 17049 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fisoal Period: 1703 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Unit |  | Grant No. | PI Grant | Responsible | Anard Type | Paymert | Project Start | Project End | User Status | ITD Revenue | ITD Expense | Deficit | Sponsor | Grant 1 |
| No. | Name |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 17049 | Neurology | 109484 | Sumner, Charlotte | 1704911001 | Contract | DPUS | 11/10/2010 | 12/31/2016 | Approved Award | .555,000 | 585.402 | 30,402 | Spinal Muscular Atrophy Res Team | Impair |
| 17049 | Neurology | 113438 | Mu, Maik | 1704911001 | Grant | LOCR | 09/01/2012 | 07/31/2017 | Approved Award | -1,412,533 | 1,412,989 | 456 | Natl Inst of Neurological Disorders | Geneti |
| 17049 | Neurology | 114072 | Sumner, Charlotte | 1704911001 | Grant | QLO3 | 12/01/2012 | 11/30/2014 | Approved Avard | -140,000 | 158,295 | 18,295 | Families of Spinal Muscular Atrophy | Motors |

The ITD Expense vs. Cash Collected bullet chart shows inception to date expense vs. cash collected for the whole university or by unit. Below, with Medicine selected, we can see there is a small cash balance as inception to date expense of $\$ 9,232,466$ is slightly less than the cash collected amount of $\$ 9,312,977$.

| ITD Expense vs. Cash Collected (all numbers in thousands) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| - Medicine |  |  |  |
| \$9,232,466 |  |  |  |
| $0 \quad 2,500,000$ | 5,000,000 | 7,500,000 | 10,000,000 |
| ITD Expense: $92,232,466$ (horizontal bar) |  |  |  |
| Cash Collected: 92,312,977 (black slash) |  |  |  |
| Revenue Budget: $\$ 10,248,775$ (red slash) |  |  |  |

## Cost Transfer

The Cost Transfer dashboard is updated monthly for both payroll and non-payroll transfers. Use this dashboard to view bar graphs showing the number and percent of transfers completed late or on-time. Shown below, a toggle is available to choose between payroll and non-payroll transfers. For this example, we chose Payroll Cost Transfers.



The bar graph above shows 12 months of total payroll cost transfers. The top portion of the bar shows the total number of payroll cost transfers that have been completed in 90 days. The bottom portion of the bar shows the number of payroll cost transfers that are late. Users may hover over each data point to see the exact number of transfers in each category.

Payroll Cost Transfer totals take into account the following: each time a sponsored program is debited or credited (non-sponsored are excluded) AND the number of semi-monthly pay periods in the payroll cost transfer. For example, if a department completes an Eform that transfers $10 \%$ of Dr. X's salary from one sponsored program to another sponsored program for the period of January 1 through March 31, it counts as one payroll cost transfer for each semi-monthly pay period (6), but also counts each debit or credit to a sponsored program for those six pay periods-so a total of 12 payroll cost transfers are counted.

```
Total Transfers - Percent Complete in 90 Days
```



The line graph above shows the percent of payroll cost transfers that were completed within 90 days. To give users a better understanding of how the total percentage is ranking, the categories of Excellent (100\%-85\%), Good ( $85 \%-70 \%$ ), Average ( $70 \%-55 \%$ ), Fair ( $55 \%-40 \%$ ), and Poor ( $40 \%-0 \%$ ) are provided on the graph. The option of hovering the mouse over each data point to see the exact percent of transfers for the month is available.


This graph above shows monthly totals for the past 12 months. The top (blue) portion of the bar shows the total number of Federal Payroll Cost Transfers that have been completed in 90 days. The bottom (red) portion of the bar shows the overall total Federal Payroll Cost Transfers that are late.

Cost transfer bar charts Total Transfers and Federal Transfers for both non-payroll and payroll transfers include functionality to drill down to a detail report for a business area, department or sub-department. The example below shows a partial Total Transfer detail report for non-payroll, business area 160 - School of Public Health.


The payroll cost transfer detail report can be viewed at the department level for business areas 160 and 170 and the business area level for all other divisions. The example below shows a partial detail report for department 16025 in the School of Public Health.

| Excal |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Fiscal Period: 1605 Unit: 16025 <br> Printed Dec 18, 2015 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Unit |  | Person |  | Labor From | LaborTo | Approval | Days Old | Cost Object | Amount | Debit/Cedit | Grant | Cost Center | Federal/Non- |
|  | No. | Name | Name | Pernr |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | 16025 | Epidemiology | Hoffman-Solton, Judith | 10526 | 11/01/2015 | 11/15/2015 | 11/11/2015 | 0 | 90058613 | -8.09 | Credit | 116250 | 1602500098 | Federal |
| 2 | 16025 | Epidemiology | Phelan-Emrick, Darcy | 106395 | 06/01/2015 | 06/15/2015 | 11/02/2015 | 140 | 90063432 | 3,012.82 | Debit | 120217 | 1602500099 | Non Federal |
| 3 | 16025 | Epidemiology | Phelan-Emrick, Darcy | 106395 | 08/18/2015 | 08/30/2015 | 11/02/2015 | 125 | 90063432 | 3,012.82 | Debit | 120217 | 1802500099 | Non Federal |
| 4 | 16025 | Epidemiology | Jones, Miranda | 110596 | 10/16/2015 | 10/31/2015 | 11/08/2015 | 6 | 90085687 | 2,399.80 | Debit | 120885 | 1802500098 | Non Federal |
| 5 | 16025 | Epidemiology | Joshu, Corinne | 113275 | 10/01/2015 | 10/15/2015 | 11/12/2015 | 28 | 90048977 | 1,617.98 | Debit | 112001 | 1602500098 | Non Federal |



The above line graph shows the percent of the Federal Payroll Cost Transfers that were completed within 90 days. To give users a better understanding of how the total percentage is ranking, the categories of Excellent ( $100 \%-85 \%$ ), Good ( $85 \%-70 \%$ ), Average ( $70 \%-55 \%$ ), Fair ( $55 \%-40 \%$ ), and Poor ( $40 \%-0 \%$ ) are provided on the graph.

## Effort

The Effort dashboard is updated daily and allows users to quickly review completion rates for the last three reporting periods, and to review completion timelines for the past 4 periods.


Percent of forms completed for the three most recent reporting periods.



## Percent of forms completed for the three most recent

 reporting periods for Arts \& Sciences (115), Engineering (120), Public Health (160), Medicine (170), and JHPIEGO (235). For divisional and departmental users, this chart will be identical to Percent of Effort Forms Complete. (left)Time line showing completion percentages for the past 4 reporting periods. This graph may be used to assess the timeliness within which effort forms are completed by divisions or departments.

## Effort Detail

Updated daily at 6:00 a.m.
Two tables are provided for each of the last three reporting periods as explained below. Users may drill to these tables for listings of personnel whose Effort forms have been completed or are outstanding. Only June 2011 is shown below.

| Outstanding Effort Forms - Period Jun 30, 2011 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Business Area | Federal <br> Amount | Other Spon. Amount | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { Non Spon. } \\ \hline \text { Amount } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Total |  |
|  |  |  |  | Forms | Amount |
| 101 | 0 | 8,514 | 36,347 | 2 | 44,861 |
| 115 | 2,133,036 | 1,177,796 | 6,332,923 | 442 | 9,643,756 |
| 120 | 1,952,772 | 909,795 | 3,831,993 | 260 | 6,694,559 |
| 125 | 6,245 | 33,610 | 36,732 | 4 | 76,587 |
| 130 | 192,759 | 53,301 | 394,263 | 20 | 640,323 |
| 140 | 266,964 | 492,673 | 154,210 | 36 | 913,847 |
| 141 | 44,796 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 44,796 |
| 142 | 65,625 | 0 | 68,167 | 4 | 133,792 |
| 160 | 6,375,584 | 4,361,342 | 4,361,146 | 431 | 15,098,072 |
| 165 | 783,311 | 532,187 | 1,878,012 | 86 | 3,193,510 |
| 170 | 33,234,124 | 16,331,488 | 72,620,012 | 3,281 | 122,185,625 |
| $\underline{210}$ | 261,923 | 157,269 | 193,305 | 24 | 612,497 |
| 211 | 827,499 | 15,052 | 57,273 | 22 | 899,824 |
| $\underline{215}$ | 2,192 | 238,319 | 144,265 | 22 | 384,776 |
| 235 | 609,907 | 175,990 | 199,149 | 22 | 985,047 |
| Totals | 46,756,737 | 24,487,336 | 90,307,797 | 4,657 | 161,551,872 |

The Outstanding Effort Forms table, displays the number of outstanding forms by business area, or department for divisional users, with summary totals reflecting outstanding federal, other sponsored, and non-sponsored dollar amounts. Users may drill to detail for a list of all users who have not certified effort during a given reporting period. When drilling to detail, the outstanding federal dollar amount is displayed for each person whose Effort has not been certified for the period (not shown in example).


The Total Forms table provides an overview of total forms for the reporting period, as well as the number and percent complete. Users may drill to list each certifier, with an indication of whether they have certified effort during the period, or whether certification remains incomplete.

## Unbilled Revenue

The Unbilled Revenue dashboard shows unbilled revenue and the portion of unbilled revenue considered stale. Filters are available to view data by Sponsor Entity, Sponsor Type, Billing Category, Invoice Category, Dollar Range and Revenue Type. All filters except Revenue Type allow multiple selections by holding the shift key while clicking on listed items. Revenue Type defaults to total unbilled revenue balance. Selecting Stale from the drop down will update all charts to show only the portion of the unbilled balance that is stale.


Invoice category choices are only available when only the Invoice billing category has been selected.


The Unbilled Balance by Month chart shows the last year of unbilled balances with Stale Unbilled amounts in red, Other Unbilled amounts in blue. Below is an example for the School of Arts and Sciences.


This chart is interactive and selecting a business area value and clicking on one month will open a detail report. The example below shows a partial detail report for October 2015 for the School of Arts and Sciences.

| Excel |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Unbilled Detail Fiscal Period: 1604 Unit: 115 Printed Dec 04, 2015 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Unit |  | Grant |  | Category | Award Type | Total Grant Amount | Budget Revenue | ITD Revenue | Unbilled Revenue | Stale Unbilled | TTD Expense Sponsor |
| No. | Name | PI | No. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 115 | Arts and Sciences | Balachandran, Sanchita | 119194 | Invoice-Monthly | Grant | 136,202 | -136,202 | -35,474 | -3,920 | 0 | 35,474 Inst For Museum And Library Service |
| 115 | Arts and Sciences | Barnett, Bruce | 103872 | Invoice-Department | Contract | 197,535 | -197,535 | -173,707 | -31,280 | 0 | 173,707 Univ Of Notre Dame |
| 115 | Arts and Sciences | Bianchi, Luciana | 109458 | Invoice-Monthly | SubContract | 430,638 | -430,638 | -412,721 | -456 | 0 | 412,721 Space Telescope Science Inst |
| 115 | Arts and Sciences | Bianchi, Luciana | 116096 | Invoice-Monthly | SubContract | 65,992 | -65,992 | -28,109 | -5,321 | 0 | 28,109 Space Telescope Science inst |
| 115 | Arrs and Sciences | Bianchi, Luciana | 116140 | Invoice-Monthly | SubContract | 140,592 | -140,592 | -28,126 | -2,546 | 0 | 28,126 Space Telescope Science inst |
| 115 | Arts and Sciences | Blair, William | 106713 | Invoice-Monthly | SubContract | 315,519 | -315,519 | -298,848 | -176 | 0 | 298,848 Assn Of Universities For Research। |
| 115 | Arts and Sciences | Blair, William | 107139 | Invoice-Monthly | SubContract | 1,415,000 | -1,415,000 | -1,390,937 | -28,557 | -28,557 | 1,390,937 Space Telescope Science inst |

The top left pie chart displays unbilled balances by Billing Category. If multiple billing categories are selected, the pie chart will update to show the selected categories. If only Invoice is chosen, the pie chart will update to show balance distributions by Invoice Category. Looking at Arts and Sciences data updated through September 2016, Invoices comprise $91 \%$ of their total unbilled revenue.


## Example (Arts and Sciences September 2016 data):

Sum of Billing Categories = \$1,303 + \$116 + \$18 = \$1,437 (thousands)

| Balances |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Category | As of Month End | Running 12 Month Avg. |
| Deficit Balance | 838,016 | $1,435,767$ |
| Cash Balance | $4,223,254$ | $5,744,946$ |
| Unbilled | $1,437,289$ | $1,109,386$ |
| Stale Unbilled | 42,986 | 73,334 |
|  |  |  |
| Balances Data as of September 2016 close |  |  |

If only Invoice is chosen in the billing category filter, the pie chart will update to show balance distributions by Invoice Category. Again looking at Arts and Sciences September 2016 data, monthly invoices comprise 93\% percent of their invoice billing activities.


Pie charts contain drill to detail at the divisional level and subunit levels where subunits are available. Filter selections are shown at the top of the detail page. All detail pages can be saved to Excel or PDF files. The example below shows a sample of the detail report for the Arts and Sciences Monthly Invoices shown on the previous page.


The pie chart at the bottom left of the Unbilled Revenue dashboard shows Unbilled Revenue by subunit. Summing the available subunits, this Arts and Sciences example also ties back to the Overview screen.

## Example (Arts and Sciences September 2016 data):

Sum of Billing Categories $=\$ 460+\$ 380+\$ 213+\$ 124+\$ 97+\$ 83+\$ 80=\$ 1,437$ (thousands)


The pie chart in the bottom right corner shows the distribution of unbilled revenue by sponsor type. The below example for Arts and Sciences shows $74 \%$ of unbilled revenue falls into the federal pass-through sponsor type as of September 2016.


Selecting Federal Pass-Through from the Sponsor Entity filter shows NSF has the largest share of unbilled revenue at 37\% for Arts and Sciences in September 2016.


All pie charts are drill to detail on this page. Clicking on the NSF slice of the pie opens the detail for that portion of Federal Pass-Through unbilled revenue as seen in the partial example below for Arts and Sciences in September 2016. As with previous detail listings, filter selections are displayed and export features are available.


## Open Receivables

The Open Receivables Dashboard displays metrics related to the billing and collection for sponsored accounts. Patient and student receivables are not included in the activities of Accounts Receivable services. The data comes from Accounts Receivable downloaded from the AR Aging analysis report on the day of month-end close. The dashboard data is usually updated by the $15^{\text {th }}$ of each month. Not-relevant and unassigned grants are removed prior to processing, as are LOCR billing types.

One noted reconciliation issue between the AR Aging report in Analysis and Open Receivables reported on the dashboard regards partial payments. An issue in the SAP AR aging module results in partial payments being incorrectly mapped to Not-Relevant Grant instead of the correct grant number when the payment does not match the open receivable amount. Those partial payments have been excluded from the dashboard data load. A JIRA has been created to add grant number information to the AR module. See Appendix 2 for a detailed example.

Aging buckets reported in analysis have been combined where applicable, so open receivables are reported as follows on the Overview screen:

- 0-60 days past due
- 61-90 days past due
- 91-120 days past due
- 121-180 days past due
- 181+ days past due

The example below shows open receivable activity for Public Health as of September 2016.

| Open Receivables |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sponsor Type | Total Open Balance | Balance 0-60 Days | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Balance } 61-90 \\ \text { Days } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Balance } 91-120 \\ \text { Days } \end{array}$ | Balance 121-180 Days | Balance 181+ Days |
| Federal | 1,364,871 | 1,237,530 | 24,976 | 63,784 | 38,581 |  |
| Non-Federal | 22,617,598 | 16,642,688 | 923,030 | 785,552 | 3,811,299 | 455,030 |
| Federal Pass-Through | 4,628,437 | 3,785,749 | 457.178 | 141,806 | 183,770 | 59,934 |
| Totals | 28,610,906 | 21,685,967 | 1,405,184 | 991,141 | 4,033,650 | 514,964 |

The Open Receivables Dashboard boasts a similarly robust filter selection as the Unbilled Revenue Dashboard, including an Age of Receivable filter in addition to sponsor, billing and amount filters.


The line chart in the top left corner of the Open Receivables Dashboard defaults to show the most recent year of open receivables. In the below example, open receivables for Public Health as of September 2016 are shown to be just under 30 million dollars.


Clicking on the September 2016 data point opens a detail page, a portion of which is shown below. All filter selections are listed in the top left corner.


The pie chart on the top right of the Open Receivables Dashboard displays the distribution of open receivable dollars by billing category. As shown in the example below, Public Health shows 58\% of Open Receivable dollars in the Direct Pay billing category. Summing billing categories ties back to total open receivables on the Overview screen.


Example (Public Health, September 2016 data):
Sum of Billing Categories $=\$ 16,576+\$ 3,681+\$ 8,354=\$ 28,611$ (thousands)


The bottom left pie chart shows open receivables by subunit. In the below example for Public Health, PFR Health has the largest portion of open receivable dollars at 40\%.


Summing the slices of this chart shows the total ties back to the Overview screen as in our last example.
Example (Public Health, September 2016 data):
Sum of Subunits $=\$ 11,556+\$ 9,225+\$ 3,293+\$ 2,278+\$ 2,259=\$ 28,611$ (thousands)
Clicking on the pie slice for International Health opens the supporting detail report, a sample of which is shown below.


The last pie chart on this page, Open Receivables by Age of Receivable shows the distribution of open receivable dollars by aging bucket, as reported on the Overview. In the screenshot below, Public Health shows $76 \%$ of open receivable dollars in the 0-60 Days bucket.


This distribution ties back to the Overview totals for Public Health.

| Open Receivables |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sponsor Type | Total Open Balance | Balance 0-60 Days | Balance 61-90 Days | Balance 91-120 | Balance 121-180 Days | Balance 181+ |
| Federal | 1,364,871 | 1,237,530 | 24,976 | 63,784 | 38,581 |  |
| Non-Federal | 22,617,598 | 16,642,688 | 923,030 | 785,552 | 3,811,299 | 455,030 |
| Federal <br> Pass-Through <br> Totals | 4,628,437 | 3,785,749 | 457.178 | 141,806 | 183,770 | 59,934 |
|  | 28,610,906 | 21,685,967 | 1,405,184 | 991,141 | 4,033,650 | 514,984 |

Clicking on a pie slice will open a page with the supporting detail records. A sample of the 0-60 Day detail report for Public Health is shown below.

| Open Receivables Detail Printed Nov 03, 2016 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ```Filters Unit: 180 Fiscal Period: 1703 Sponsor Entity: All Sponsor Type: All Dollar Range: All Age of Receivable: 0 to 60 Days Billing Category: All``` |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Unit |  | Doc No. | Responsible Cost Center | Customer | Grant No. | Payment Method | Post Date | Due Date | Open Balance | Age of Receivable | Sponsor Entity | Sponsor Type | Billing Rule | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { Billing } \\ & \text { Category } \end{aligned}\right.$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l\|} \hline \begin{array}{l} \text { Invoice } \\ \text { Category } \end{array} \end{array}$ | Balance Range |
| 180 | Public Health | 1800163807 | 1801010000 | 301330 | 113841 | MONL | 08/12/2016 | 08/12/2016 | 7,868 | 0 to 60 Days | Federal Pass-Through | NIH | 2: RRE - Non LOC | Invoice | Monthly | 5 K to 10 K |
| 180 | Public Health | 901396476 | 1601010000 | 305034 | 122987 | MONL | 09/01/2016 | 09/01/2016 | 16,500 | 0 to 80 Day | Non-Federal | Private Non-Profit | 5: Direct Pay | Direct Pay |  | 10 K to 25 K |
| 180 | Public Health | 1800165462 | 1801520000 | 300879 | 113740 | MONL | 09/09/2016 | 09/09/2016 | 1.417 | 0 to 60 Day | Federal Pass-Through | NH | 2: RRB - Non LOC | Invoice | Monthly | 0 to 5K |

## Scorecards

Updates vary depending on the metric (see specific categories).
The scorecard tab is designed to provide metrics for multiple divisions or departments in one matrix, allowing users to easily compare performance across multiple entities. Each of the four scorecards can be put into PDF or Excel format, allowing for sort capability and further analysis.

The option of selecting prior months is available. By default, the "Current" option is selected. This option provides information as of the most recently loaded month for each metric. For example, if FSRs are loaded for April 2013 and Deficit Balances are loaded as of March 2013, selecting "Current" will display the April FSRs and the March deficit balances. In the same manner, if April is selected from the drop-down, FSRs as of April 2013 will display on the scorecard, but the deficit balance column will be empty since April deficit totals have not been loaded.


Main Scorecard - provides a composite overview of key metrics for all divisions, or for all departments in a division. Included are comparative metrics for federal cost transfers (both Non-Payroll and Payroll), deficit balances, uncertified federal effort dollar amounts and percentages, and financial status report completion rates. Sponsored funding over the past 12 months is shown to provide a general idea regarding the volume of sponsored activity within a division or department as well as the number of active sponsored programs. From Main Scorecard tab, users can select other scorecards (for Sponsored Funding, Non-Payroll Cost Transfer, and Payroll Cost Transfer).

| 115 - Arts and Sciences $\square$ | Select a Dept |  |  | No Sub Departments |  |  |  | Current | Go |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cost Transfer Scorecard - Excel PDF |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Department |  | Total Sponsored Non Payroll Cost Transfers FY16 as of Oct 2015 |  |  |  |  |  | Federal Sponsored Non Payroll Cost Transfers FY16 as of Oct 2015 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Code | Name | Debit | Credit | $\begin{gathered} \text { \# of } \\ \text { Transfers } \end{gathered}$ | Greater than 90 days | Percent Greater than 90 days | Average Age | Debit | Credit | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \text { \# of } \\ \text { Transfers } \end{array}$ | Greater than 90 days | Percent Greater than 90 days | Average Age |
| 115000 | Arts and Sciences School-Wide Activity | 5,606 | 15,613 | 9 | 9 | $100 \%$ | 428 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0\% |  |
| 115230 | German and Romance Languages | 0 | 34 | 1 | 0 | $0 \%$ | 31 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0\% | 0 |
| 115310 | Anthropology | 900 | 900 | 2 | 0 | $0 \%$ | 68 | 900 | 900 | 2 | 0 | $0 \%$ | 68 |
| 115360 | Sociology | 6,785 | 1,418 | 19 | 0 | $0 \%$ | 29 | 2,917 | 1,399 | 7 | 0 | 0\% | 29 |
| 115410 | Biology | 195,017 | 450,726 | 273 | 19 | $7 \%$ | 55 | 184,866 | 450,427 | 224 | 4 | 2\% | 45 |
| 115420 | Biophysics | 35,505 | 38,040 | 73 | 1 | 1\% | 58 | 35,505 | 38,040 | 73 | 1 | 1\% | 58 |
| 115430 | Chemistry | 48,668 | 52,598 | 156 | 15 | $10 \%$ | 258 | 44,168 | 47,680 | 144 | 15 | $10 \%$ | 275 |
| 115440 | Cognitive Science | 1,800 | 2,706 | 8 | 2 | 25\% | 106 | 1,800 | 2,706 | 8 | 2 | 25\% | 106 |
| 115450 | Earth \& Planetary Science | 14,656 | 14,283 | 40 | 0 | 0\% | 54 | 11,956 | 10,331 | 32 | 0 | $0 \%$ | 50 |
| 115470 | Physics \& Astronomy | 85,830 | 163,226 | 180 | 60 | $33 \%$ | 109 | 38,639 | 76,171 | 159 | 41 | 26 \% | 73 |
| 115480 | Psychological \& Brain Sciences | 23,983 | 50,341 | 95 | 30 | 32 \% | 63 | 21,483 | 50,341 | 88 | 28 | 32 \% | 64 |
| 115520 | Mind Brain Institute | 4,201 | 5,644 | 21 | 1 | 5\% | 55 | 4,201 | 5,644 | 21 | 1 | 5\% | 55 |
| 115532 | Global Studies | 5,658 | 0 | 10 | 10 | $100 \%$ | 252 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0\% |  |
| 115573 | Center For Government Excellence | 43,757 | 0 | 18 | 10 | $56 \%$ | 89 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $0 \%$ |  |
| 115 | Arts and Sciences | 472,367 | 795,529 | 905 | 157 | $17 \%$ | 108 | 346,435 | 683,638 | 758 | 92 | 12\% | 99 |

Non-Payroll Cost Transfer Scorecard - the Non-Payroll Cost Transfer Scorecard above provides a comparative overview of non-payroll cost transfers occurring during the current fiscal year, with metrics reflecting the percent of transfers exceeding the required 90 -day transfer policy, the average number of days between orginal transaction and cost transfer, and dollar totals transferred onto sponsored accounts (debits) and off sponsored accounts (credits), for all sponsored activity and for federal sponsored awards only.

This example above example department totals for the School of Arts and Sciences only.


Payroll Cost Transfer Scorecard - The Payroll Cost Transfer Scorecard above provides a comparative overview of payroll cost transfers occurring during the current fiscal year, with metrics reflecting the percent of transfers exceeding the required 90 -day transfer policy, the average number of days between orginal transaction and cost transfer, and dollar totals transferred onto sponsored accounts (debits) and off sponsored accounts (credits), for all sponsored activity and for federal sponsored awards only.

The example above shows department totals for the School of Arts and Sciences only.

Balances Scorecard - The Balances Scorecard, below, provides a comparative overview of Deficit Balance, Cash Balance, Unbilled Revenue, and Stale Unbilled Revenue balances with metrics reflecting total balance and twelve month average. This scorecard also includes Sponsored Funding metrics reflecting rolling twelve month expenditure and number of active sponsored programs.

The example below shows department totals for the School of Arts and Sciences.


Open Receivables Scorecard - The Open Receivables Scorecard summarizes open receivables by division or department and by aging category. Dollar amounts are shown by default, although users may opt to display percent of total as shown below.



## Report Card

The purpose of the report card is to provide a visual overview of each unit's performance. Report card metrics are generated at the completion of each quarter, and reflect timeliness and compliance in the following categories: FSRs, Deficit Balances, Effort Reporting, Non-Payroll Cost Transfers, and Payroll Cost Transfers. For each of these categories, between 1 and 5 points are allocated to reflect performance during the quarter/year. The method for assigning points varies by category, as explained in the individual sections below.

## Composite Report Card

The composite report card provides a quick representation of how departments are performing. A more detailed report card is also available which reflects scores for the individual categories.


As shown above, points are assigned to reflect activity for the current quarter, as well as for the previous 12 months. The Possible Points column represents the highest number of points that may be awarded; while Total Points is the raw score for the division/department.

## Example of calculations

On the composite report card, total points by quarter and year reflect the sum of the score for each category (FSRs, Deficits, Effort, Non Payroll Cost Transfers, and Payroll Cost Transfers) shown on the Detailed Report

Card. The maximum possible points a division/department may earn is based on which categories have sufficient data. If a unit has activity in all categories, it could earn 25 possible points, with a maximum of 5 points per category. In some instances, a department may not have activity in a given category, reducing their total possible points. For example, University Administration only has data for the Effort category; therefore, the maximum points are 5 .

A breakdown of the scores is located on the detailed report card below. For example, if we were to sum all the categories for the entire university ("All") for the quarter ending June 2017, we would get the totals below.

| Department | FSR | Deficits | Effort | Non Payroll Cost Transfers | Payroll Cost Transfers |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| All | 5 | 4 | 4 | 3 | 4 |

We get a total of 20 points out of a possible 25 points or a score of $80 \%$. This score is between the range of $70 \%$ to $85 \%$, resulting in a light green box, as seen above on the composite report.


## Detailed Report Card

## Financial Status Report (FSR)

The FSR metric is calculated using the percent of FSR's completed on time.

## Example of calculations

The first step is to combine all data for a given quarter or year for each division/department. In the example below, we are calculating the FSR metrics for the entire University for the quarter ending June 30, 2017.

The FSR's completed on time and total FSR's due for April through June are listed below. For example, in April there were a total of 288 FSR's completed on time and a total of 297 FSR's due.

| Month | Reports completed on time | Reports due |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| April | 288 | 297 |
| May | 126 | 132 |
| June | 145 | 154 |

The total reports completed on time and total reports due are aggregated to get one number for the entire quarter. The percent of reports completed on time is calculated as the sum of reports completed on time (559) divided by sum of reports due (583).

| Quarter | Sum of reports completed on time | Sum of reports due | Percentage of reports completed on time |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | 559 | 583 | $95.88 \%$ |

Using the percent of reports completed on time, points are allocated using the following ranges:

| Upper limit | Lower limit | Points awarded |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $100 \%$ | $85 \%$ | 5 |
| $84.9 \%$ | $70 \%$ | 4 |
| $69.9 \%$ | $55 \%$ | 3 |
| $54.9 \%$ | $40 \%$ | 2 |
| $39.9 \%$ | 0 | 1 |

Note: If there is missing data, because a department had no FSRs due, then no points are allocated.

In this example, the percent of reports completed on time (95.88\%) is in the range of less than or equal to $100 \%$ and greater than or equal to $85 \%$. Therefore, 5 points are assigned to the cost center ("All", the entire university); see below.

```
Business Areas (All) - Select Business Area First
Select Department First
Quarter Ending Jun 2017


Footnotes
* Effort Reporting Period of Dec 31, 2016. Score reflects percent of federal dollars certified as of Apr 30, 2017.

On the Detailed Report Card, for the quarter ending June 2017, the number for Financial Status Reports is 5 points for the quarter column and a green box appears next to it; see above.

The year calculations are done the same way as the quarter calculations; however, the start month is a year before the present month. For example, if the current month is June 2017, then data from July 2016 to June 2017 is used for the calculation. To view scores for the last year, use the toggle outlined above to refresh the report.

\section*{Deficit Balance}

Report card metrics for deficit balances are calculated using the ratio of deficit balances to rolling 12-month sponsored expenditures.

\section*{Example of calculations}

The first step is to combine all the data in a given quarter or year for each cost center. In the example below, we are calculating deficit balance scores for the entire University for the quarter ending June 30, 2017.

The deficit balance and rolling 12-month sponsored expenditures for April through June are below. For example, in April, the deficit balance was \(\$ 21,164,199.12\) while rolling 12 -month sponsored expenditures were \$1,782,931,808.40.
\begin{tabular}{|l|l|l|}
\hline Month & Deficit balance & Rolling 12-month sponsored expenditures \\
\hline April & \(\$ 21,164,199.12\) & \(\$ 1,782,931,808.40\) \\
\hline May & \(\$ 22,244,205.85\) & \(\$ 1,800,761,941.90\) \\
\hline June & \(\$ 16,805,812.87\) & \(\$ 1,808,359,403.90\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

The deficit balance and rolling 12-month expenditures are averaged to get one number for the entire quarter. The ratio of deficit balance to rolling 12 -month sponsored expenditures is calculated as the average of the deficit balance \((\$ 20,071,405.95)\) divided by the average of the rolling 12 -month sponsored expenditures (\$1,797,351,051.40); see below.
\begin{tabular}{|l|l|l|l|}
\hline Quarter & Average deficit balance & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Average of 12-month sponsored \\
expenditures
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Percent of deficit balance to 12-month \\
sponsored expenditures
\end{tabular} \\
\hline 1 & \(\$ 20,071,405.95\) & \(\$ 1,797,351,051.40\) & \(1.11 \%\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

The percent of deficit balance to rolling 12-month sponsored expenditures is evaluated and given the corresponding points. The designated points are below:
\begin{tabular}{|l|l|l|}
\hline Upper limit & Lower limit & Points awarded \\
\hline \(1 \%\) & 0 & 5 \\
\hline \(2 \%\) & \(1.1 \%\) & 4 \\
\hline \(3 \%\) & \(2.1 \%\) & 3 \\
\hline \(4 \%\) & \(3.1 \%\) & 2 \\
\hline \(5 \%\) & \(4.1 \%\) & 1 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Note: For anything above 5\%, zero points are awarded.
In this example, the percent of deficit balance to rolling 12-month sponsored expenditures (1.11\%) is in the range of less than or equal to \(2 \%\) and greater than \(1.1 \%\). Therefore, 4 points are assigned to the cost center ("All", the entire university); see below.


On the Detailed Report Card, for the quarter ending June 2017, the number for Deficits is 4 points for the quarter column and a light green box appears next to it; see above

The year calculations are done the same way as the quarter calculations; however, the start month is a year before the present month. For example, if the current month is June 2017, then data from July 2016 to June 2017 is used for the calculation.

\section*{Effort Reporting}

Report card metrics for Effort Reporting are calculated as the percent of federal dollars certified within 120 days of the close of the reporting period.

\section*{Example of calculations:}

The effort numbers are reported in quarters. Below is an example of the calculation for the YTD effort report card score.

The first step is to combine all the data in a given year for each specific cost center. The example below considers effort periods ending September 2015, December 2015, March 2016 and June 2016 to calculate the score for the December 2016 report card update. The numbers represent the entire University ("All").

When reporting effort numbers, we calculate the percentage completed within 120 days of the close of the reporting period. For example, if the current month is September and we are reporting on March's effort period, then forms are due by July \(31^{\text {st. }}\). Below is a more detailed table.
\begin{tabular}{|l|l|l|}
\hline Dashboard Quarter & Effort period & Due by \\
\hline September (Quarter 1) & March & July 31 \\
\hline December (Quarter 2) & June & October 31 \\
\hline March (Quarter 3) & September & January 31 \\
\hline June (Quarter 4) & December & April 30 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Note: Actual cutoff dates often extend beyond the 120 day used to calculate Effort Report Card scores. For actual cutoff dates, please contact Financial Research Compliance at 443-997-3806, Compliance@jhu.edu, or contact your divisional business office.

In Quarter 4 (April through June) there were a total of \(\$ 91,310,896.00\) federal dollars for all completed forms and a total of \(\$ 105,581,823.00\) federal dollars for all initialized forms. See table below for the entire year.
\begin{tabular}{|l|l|l|}
\hline Quarter & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Total federal dollars for all \\
completed forms
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Total federal dollars for all \\
initialized forms
\end{tabular} \\
\hline 1 (July 2015 through September 2015) & \(\$ 15,333,837.00\) & \(\$ 19,267,890.00\) \\
\hline 2 (October 2015 through December 2015) & \(\$ 81,583,560.00\) & \(\$ 105,670,029.00\) \\
\hline 3 (January 2016 through March 2016) & \(\$ 16,151,782.00\) & \(\$ 18,976,148.00\) \\
\hline 4 (April 2016 through June 2016) & \(\$ 91,310,896.00\) & \(\$ 105,581,823.00\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

The total federal dollars for all initialized forms and total federal dollars for all completed forms are aggregated to get one number for the entire year. The percent of federal dollars for all completed forms are calculated by the sum of total federal dollars for all completed forms ( \(\$ 204,380,075.00\) ) divided by Sum of total federal dollars for all initialized forms ( \(\$ 249,495,890.00\) ); see below.
\begin{tabular}{|l|l|l|l|}
\hline Year & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Sum of total federal dollars for all \\
completed forms
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Sum of total federal dollars for all \\
initialized forms
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Percent of federal dollars for all \\
completed forms
\end{tabular} \\
\hline \(2015-16\) & \(\$ 204,380,075.00\) & \(\$ 249,495,890.00\) & \(81.91 \%\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

The percent of federal dollars for all completed forms is then evaluated and given the corresponding points. The designated points with their ranges are below:
\begin{tabular}{|l|l|l|}
\hline Upper limit & Lower limit & Points awarded \\
\hline \(100 \%\) & \(85 \%\) & 5 \\
\hline \(84.9 \%\) & \(70 \%\) & 4 \\
\hline \(69.9 \%\) & \(55 \%\) & 3 \\
\hline \(54.9 \%\) & \(40 \%\) & 2 \\
\hline \(39.9 \%\) & 0 & 1 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Note: If there is missing data the points are represented as missing.
In the example, the percent of federal dollars for all completed forms (81.91\%) is in the range of less than or equal to \(84.9 \%\) and greater than or equal to \(70 \%\). Therefore, 4 points are assigned to the cost center ("All", the entire university); see below.


On the dashboard Detailed Report Card, for year ending December 2016, the number for Effort is 4 points for the year column and a light green box appears next to it; see above.

\section*{Non-Payroll Cost Transfers}

The report card calculations for non-payroll cost transfers are based on the number of transfers completed within the required 90 -day timeframe, with 5 points awarded for \(100 \%\) to \(85 \%\) completed. The original data is from BW.

\section*{Example of calculations}

The first step is to combine all the data in a given quarter or year for each cost center. In the example below, we are calculating the quarter data for Quarter 4 (April 2017 through June 2017) and the cost center is for the entire university (All).

The on-time sponsored transfers and total sponsored transfers for April through June are below. For example, in April, there were a total of 1,462 on-time sponsored transfers and a total of 2,391 sponsored transfers for non-payroll cost transfers.
\begin{tabular}{|l|l|l|}
\hline Month & On-time sponsored transfers & Total sponsored transfers \\
\hline April & 1,462 & 2,391 \\
\hline May & 2,447 & 4,006 \\
\hline June & 3,156 & 4,875 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

The total on-time sponsored transfers and total sponsored transfers are aggregated to get one number for the quarter. The percent of on-time sponsored transfers is calculated as the sum of on-time sponsored transfers \((7,065)\) divided by the sum of total sponsored transfers \((11,272)\).
\begin{tabular}{|l|l|l|l|}
\hline Quarter & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Sum of on-time sponsored \\
transfers
\end{tabular} & Sum of sponsored transfers & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Percent of on-time sponsored \\
transfers
\end{tabular} \\
\hline 1 & 7,065 & 11,272 & \(62.68 \%\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

The percent of on-time sponsored transfers is then evaluated and given the corresponding points. The designated points are below:
\begin{tabular}{|l|l|l|}
\hline Upper limit & Lower limit & Points awarded \\
\hline \(100 \%\) & \(85 \%\) & 5 \\
\hline \(84.9 \%\) & \(70 \%\) & 4 \\
\hline \(69.9 \%\) & \(55 \%\) & 3 \\
\hline \(54.9 \%\) & \(40 \%\) & 2 \\
\hline \(39.9 \%\) & 0 & 1 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Note: If there is missing data then the points are represented as missing.
In the example, the percent of on-time sponsored transfers (62.68\%) is in the range of less than or equal to \(69.9 \%\) and greater than \(55 \%\). Therefore 3 points are assigned to the cost center ("All", the entire university); see below.


On the Detailed Report Card, for the quarter ending June 2017, the number for Non-Payroll Cost Transfers is 3 points for the quarter column and a yellow box appears next to it; see above.

The year calculations are done the same way as the quarter calculations; however, the start month is a year before the present month. . For example, if the current month is June 2017, then data from July 2016 to June 2017 is used for the calculation.

\section*{Payroll Cost Transfers}

The report card calculations for payroll cost transfers are based on the number of transfers completed within the required 90 -day timeframe, with 5 points awarded for \(100 \%\) to \(85 \%\) completed within 90 days. The original data is from SAP.

\section*{Example of calculations}

The first step is to combine all the data in a given quarter or year for each cost center. In the example below, we are calculating the quarter data for Quarter 4 (April 2017 through June 2017) and the cost center is for the entire university (All).

The on-time sponsored transfers and total sponsored transfers for April through June are below. For example, in April, there were a total of 13,892 on-time sponsored transfers and a total of 18,544 sponsored transfers for payroll cost transfers.
\begin{tabular}{|l|l|l|}
\hline Month & On-time sponsored transfers & Total sponsored transfers \\
\hline April & 13,892 & 18,544 \\
\hline May & 13,205 & 19,726 \\
\hline June & 12,428 & 17,278 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

The total on-time sponsored transfers and total sponsored transfers are aggregated to get one number for the quarter. The percent of on-time sponsored transfers is calculated as the sum of on-time sponsored transfers \((39,525)\) divided by the sum of total sponsored transfers \((55,548)\).
\begin{tabular}{|l|l|l|l|}
\hline Quarter & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Sum of on-time sponsored \\
transfers
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Sum of sponsored \\
transfers
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Percent of on-time sponsored \\
transfers
\end{tabular} \\
\hline 1 & 39,525 & 55,548 & \(71.15 \%\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

The percent of on-time sponsored transfers is then evaluated and given the corresponding points. The designated points are below:
\begin{tabular}{|l|l|l|}
\hline Upper limit & Lower limit & Points awarded \\
\hline \(100 \%\) & \(85 \%\) & 5 \\
\hline \(84.9 \%\) & \(70 \%\) & 4 \\
\hline \(69.9 \%\) & \(55 \%\) & 3 \\
\hline \(54.9 \%\) & \(40 \%\) & 2 \\
\hline \(39.9 \%\) & 0 & 1 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Note: If there is missing data the points are represented as missing.
In this example, the percent of on-time sponsored transfers ( \(71.15 \%\) ) is in the range of less than or equal to \(84.9 \%\) and greater than \(70 \%\). Therefore 4 points are assigned to the cost center ("All", the entire university); see below.


On the Detailed Report Card, for quarter ending June 2017, the number for Payroll Cost Transfers is 4 points for the quarter column and a light green box appears next to it; see above.

The year calculations are done the same way as the quarter calculations; however, the start month is a year before the present month. For example, if the current month is June 2017, then data from July 2016 to June 2017 is used for the calculation.

\section*{Appendix 1 - Deficit and Cash Balance Validation}

To tie deficit balances to Enterprise Reporting (Analysis) reports, run the Analysis Deficit/Cash Balance Report for Grants through August 2017 for Cold Form Steel Research Consortium (Dept 120843*) from the Analysis Sponsored Projects menu.



After the report populates, choose the Free Characteristic Sponsored Program/Internal Order and exclude cost share accounts by including only Sponsored Programs/Internal Orders < 98000000.

Only the positive numbers are deficits, so a larger department will have to export the report to Excel and filter out credits. In this case, the only positive number in the Deficit Balance column is \(\$ 4,417.14\), which ties back to the Dashboard deficit balance.

With cost share accounts excluded, the cash balance will tie to the Cash Balance metric in the application. See Cash Balance Overall Result \((\$ 67,056.96)\) below.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{8}{|l|}{Deficit/Cash Balance Report for Grants} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Cash Collected} \\
\hline Grant & \begin{tabular}{l}
Key Figures \\
Budget Revenue
\end{tabular} & & Unbilled Revenue & & Deficit Balance & Open Balances & Cash Balance & \\
\hline 115262 & \$ -199,877.00 & \$-199,877.00 & & \$ 199,996.49 & \$ 119.49 & \$ 0.00 & \$ 119.49 & \$ -199,877.00 \\
\hline 116083 & \$-86,787.00 & \$-86,787.00 & & \$86,787.00 & \$ 0.00 & \$ 0.00 & \$ 0.00 & \$ -86,787.00 \\
\hline 116630 & \$-118,333.00 & \$-117,571.68 & \$ 761.32 & \$ 117,571.68 & \$ 0.00 & \$ 100,000.00 & \$ 99,238.68 & \$ -18,333.00 \\
\hline 116677 & \$ -71,341.08 & \$ -71,341.08 & \$ 0.00 & \$ 71,341.08 & \$ 0.00 & \$ 0.00 & \$ 0.00 & \$ -71,341.08 \\
\hline 118398 & \$-25,873.00 & \$ -25,872.83 & \$ 0.17 & \$ 25,872.83 & \$ 0.00 & \$ 0.00 & \$-0.17 & \$-25,873.00 \\
\hline 119356 & \$ -49,492.20 & \$ -49,492.20 & \$-24,492.20 & \$ 49,492.20 & \$ 0.00 & \$-25,000.00 & \$-507.80 & \$-50,000.00 \\
\hline 119697 & \$ -59,908.35 & \$-59,908.35 & \$ 0.00 & \$ 59,908.35 & \$ 0.00 & \$ 0.00 & \$ 0.00 & \$ -59,908.35 \\
\hline 122755 & \$-183,256.00 & \$-183,256.00 & \$ 0.00 & \$ 183,256.00 & \$ 0.00 & \$ 33,999.20 & \$ 33,999.20 & \$ -149,256.80 \\
\hline 122790 & \$ -180,000.00 & \$ -31,570.71 & & \$ 31,570.71 & \$ 0.00 & \$ 0.00 & \$ 0.00 & \$ -31,570.71 \\
\hline 124575 & \$ -30,000.00 & \$ -30,000.00 & \$ 0.00 & \$ 34,297.65 & \$ 4,297.65 & \$ 15,000.00 & \$ 19,297.65 & \$-15,000.00 \\
\hline 124762 & \$ -275,000.00 & \$ -114,909.91 & \$85,090.09 & \$ 114,909.91 & \$ 0.00 & \$ 0.00 & \$-85,090.09 & \$-200,000.00 \\
\hline 125995 & \$ -340,000.00 & \$ -5,391.36 & & \$ 5,391.36 & \$ 0.00 & \$ 0.00 & \$ 0.00 & \$ -5,391.36 \\
\hline Overall Result & \$-1,619,867.63 & \$-975,978.12 & \$61,359.38 & \$980,395.26 & \$ 4,417.14 & \$ 123,999.20 & \$67,056.96 & \$-913,338.30 \\
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\end{tabular}
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